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# Excessive BGP AS Path Prepending is a Self-Inflicted Vulnerability

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# What is AS\_PATH Prepending?

- A technique used to de-prioritize a route by artificially increasing AS\_PATH length.
- "Prepending" is repeating an ASN in AS\_PATH typically to a subset of adjacent ASes.

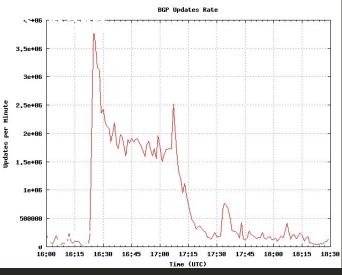
... 3356 4192 4192 7160 208.72.91.0/24

 Assuming all other criterion are equal, BGP route selection prefers the shorter AS path length (i.e. non-prepended route).

# But prepending can also be problematic

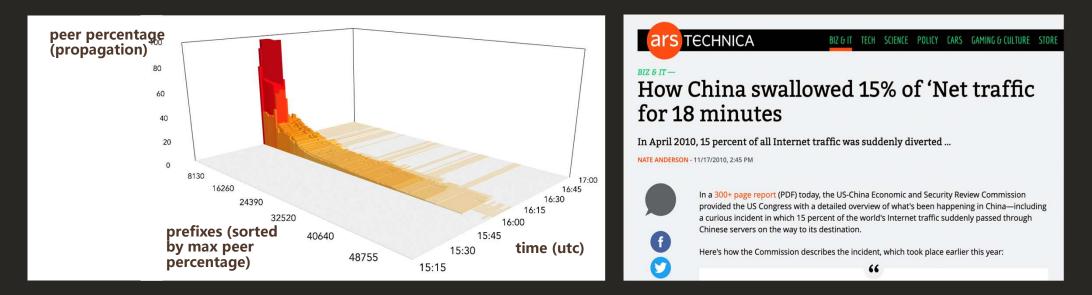
Rarely the direct cause of problems, with one notable exception:

- Feb 2009: Internet-wide outages caused by a single errant routing announcement. In this incident, AS47868 announced its one prefix with an extremely long
  [1,2]
- Big difference in MikroTik vs Cisco config
  - Admin entered ASN instead of prepend count
  - 47868 modulo 256 = 252 prepends
- As AS path lengths exceeded 255, Cisco routers



## China **did not** hijack 15% of all internet traffic

- Most impact was constrained to Chinese routes.
- However, two of the top five most-propagated leaked routes were US routes!



#### China **did not** hijack 15% of all internet traffic

• Why were two of the most-propagated leaked routes from the US?

12.5.48.0/21 and 12.4.196.0/22 were announced to the internet along following excessively prepended AS path:

... 3257 7795 12163 12163 12163 12163 12163 12163

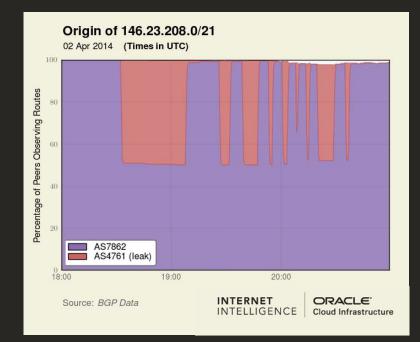
• We termed this:

hijack me please Hhate myself prepended-to-all

| Prefix 🍦        | Country 🛊 | Origin 🛊 | Max Peer<br>Percentage |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|------------------------|
| 218.30.222.0/24 | CN        | 4134     | 95.58                  |
| 59.42.0.0/16    | CN        | 4134     | 87.91                  |
| 12.4.196.0/22   | US        | 12163    | 87.61                  |
| 12.5.48.0/21    | US        | 12163    | 87.61                  |
| 59.52.0.0/14    | CN        | 4134     | 87.61                  |

#### Impacts of Excessive Prepending During Leaks

- Much of the worst propagation of leaked routes during big leak events were due to routes being **prepended-to-all**.
- AS4671 leak of April 2014 (>320,000 prefixes)



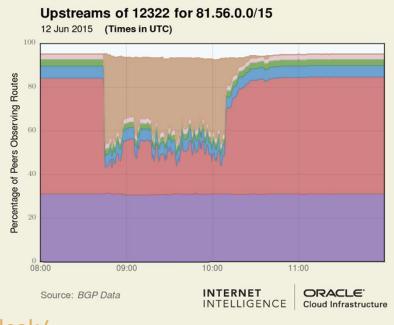
#### https://dyn.com/blog/indonesia-hijacks-world/

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#### Impacts of Excessive Prepending During Leaks

- Much of the worst propagation of leaked routes during big leak events were due to routes being **prepended-to-all**.
- AS4788 leak of June 2015 (>260,000 prefixes)

... 174 12322 12322 12322 12322 82.224.0.0/12 ^ Prepended-to-all

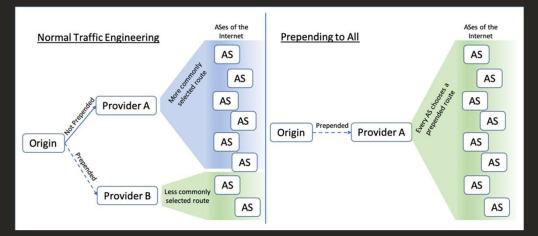


https://dyn.com/blog/global-collateral-damage-of-tmnet-leak/

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## Prepending to Everyone!

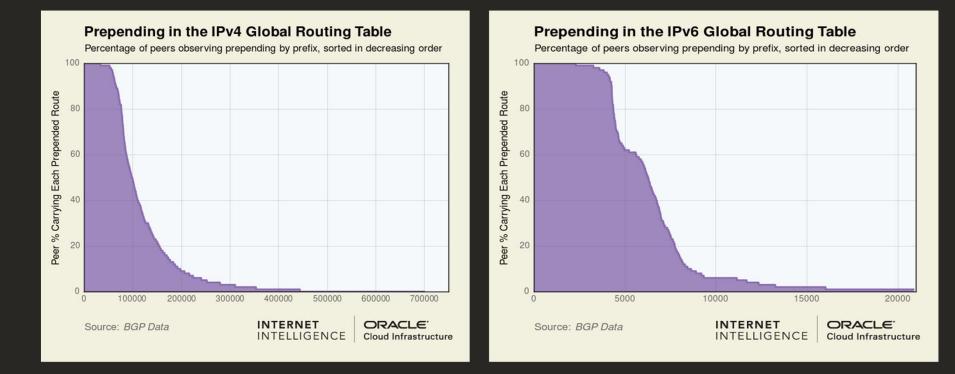
- Prepended-to-all prefixes are those seen as prepended by all (or nearly all) of the ASes of the internet.
- In this configuration, prepending is no longer shaping route propagation.
- It is simply incentivizing ASes to choose another origin if one were to suddenly appear whether by mistake or otherwise.



• How many prefixes are **prepended-to-all**? ...a lot!

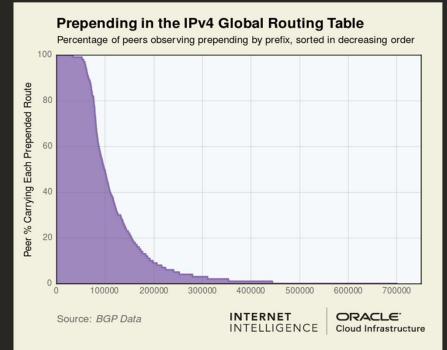
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## Prepending in the Global Routing Tables



#### Prepending in the IPv4 Global Routing Table

- Prefixes prepended to >95% of ASes: >60k
  - 8% of IPv4 Global Routing Table (1/12)
  - Includes entities of every stripe: governments, financial institutions, even important parts of internet infrastructure.
- Prefixes prepended to >50% of ASes: >100k
  - 13.3% of IPv4 Global Routing Table.

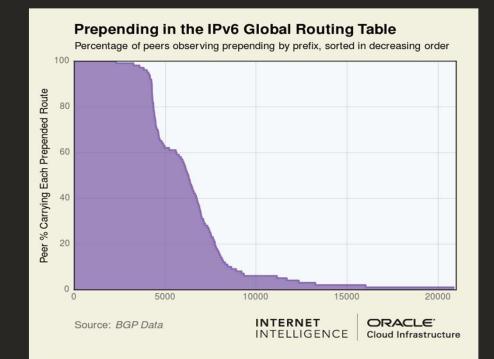


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#### Prepending in the IPv6 Global Routing Table

- Prefixes prepended to 95% ASes: >3k
  - 5.6% of IPv6 Global Routing Table
- Prefixes prepended to 50% ASes: >6k
  - 8.6% of IPv6 Global Routing Table



Prepending is frequently employed in an excessive manner such that it renders routes vulnerable to disruption or misdirection – accidental or otherwise

### What's the Risk?

On a recent day, 95.47.142.0/23 was "prepended-to-all" like so:

... 3255 197158

An attacker might announce the same prefix with a fabricated AS path like the following:

... **ASXXX** 3255 197158

Would redirect a portion of traffic to this prefix via ASXXX

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## What's the Risk?

• The length of prepending gives the attacker room to craft an AS path that would appear plausible, comply with origin validation, and not be detected by off-the-shelf route monitoring.

... 3255 197158

... ASXXX 3255 197158

# Prepended vs non-prepended in the wild

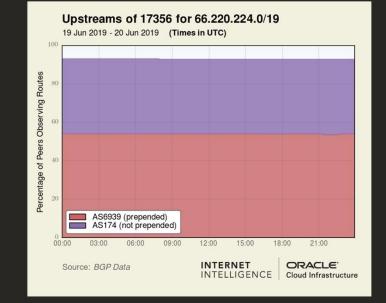
Sometimes the impact of prepending isn't as straightforward.

This prefix is announced to the internet in two ways:

... 174 17356

... 6939 17356 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 17358 173

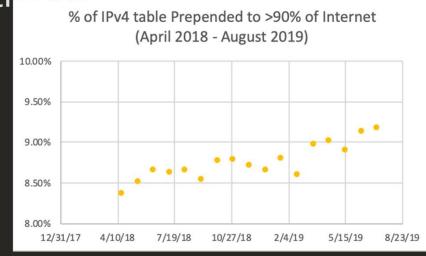
- 58% of our peers chose prepending 6939 route
  - 42% chose non-prepending 174 routes
- Despite prepending, AS6939 is more popular due to extensive peering base of thousands of ASNs.

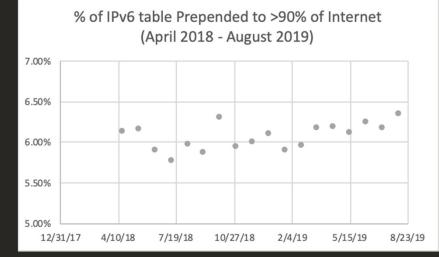


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# Is Prepending-To-All a growing problem?

What happens when we run these stats over time? Is there a trend?





Yes! % of IPv4 table that is prepended-to-all is growing at 0.5%/year

16 cl Phylo table is growing slower: 0.2%/year

An inadvertent origin leak could also disrupt traffic to these routes. Accidents happen, so why deliberately put your routes at risk?

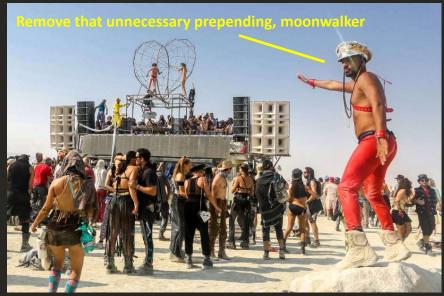
# Why does prepending-to-all happen?

We wanted to know, so we asked some folks doing this. Is it intentional?

... 3356 19256 7955 30321 30321 30321 162.212.148.0/23

We asked Burning Man NetOps about their excessive prepending.

They immediately fixed it. 🡍



# Why does prepending-to-all happen?

We wanted to know, so we asked some folks doing this.

- CloudFlare, Google also removed the excessive prepending when we reported to them.
- Most either didn't respond or claimed it was an "operational issue" and it remains.

# Why does prepending-to-all happen?

<u>Theory 1: Poor Housekeeping</u> - The AS forgets to remove the prepending for one of its transit providers when it is no longer needed.

<u>Theory 2: Return Path Influence</u> – AS attempting to deprioritize traffic from transit providers over settlement-free peers.

**THINK TIDY** GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IS ESSENTIAL TO SAFETY

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# Why does this happen?

<u>Theory 3: Mistakes Abound</u> - There are simply a lot of errors in BGP routing. Consider the prepended AS path of 181.191.170.0/24 below:

... 52981 267429 267429 267492 267492 267429 267429 267492 267492 267492 267429 267429 267492 267492 267429

In case your eyes didn't catch it, the prepending here involves a mix of two distinct ASNs (2674**29** and 2674**92**) with the last two digits transposed.

# Prepending-to-All in Portugal

- Only ~50 / 740 PT prefixes are prepended-to-all (not bad!)
- AS13156 (Cabovisao, SA) announces 29 of them.
- Examples:

84.91.20.0/22 and 217.129.236.0/22 are announced along: ... 6453 13156 13156

- 195.138.12.0/24 (Sociedade Interbancaria de Servicos, SA)
  - ... 8657 15525 6773 6773
- 104.244.8.0/22 (Aeroportos de Portugal)
  - ... 2860 201170 201170

888

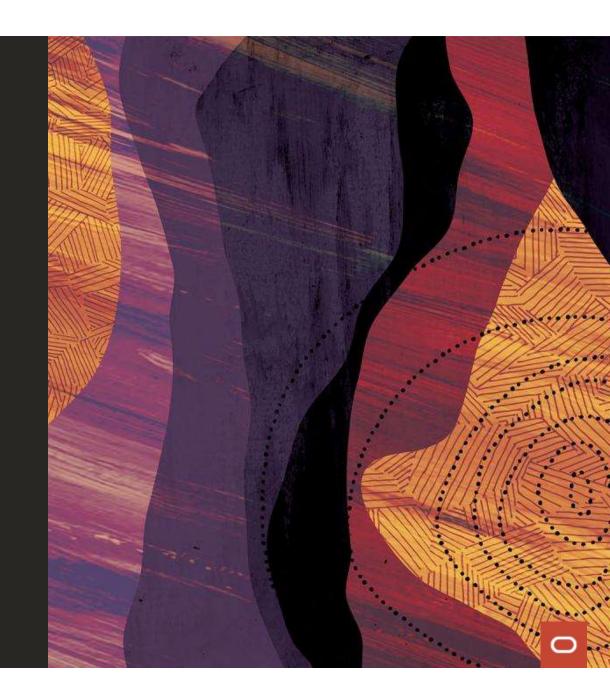
# Conclusions

- Long AS paths (whether due to prepending or not) incur risk of disruption
  - In the event another AS originates the same prefix with a shorter AS path
- Network operators should ensure prepending is absolutely necessary
  - Many of your networks have excessive prepending (ask me for examples)
- With 8% of IPv4 and 5.6% of IPv6 global routing tables presently prepended to *everyone*, this traffic engineering technique is significantly overused.

#### Thank you

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