

Introduction to pmacct



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pmacct

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whoami

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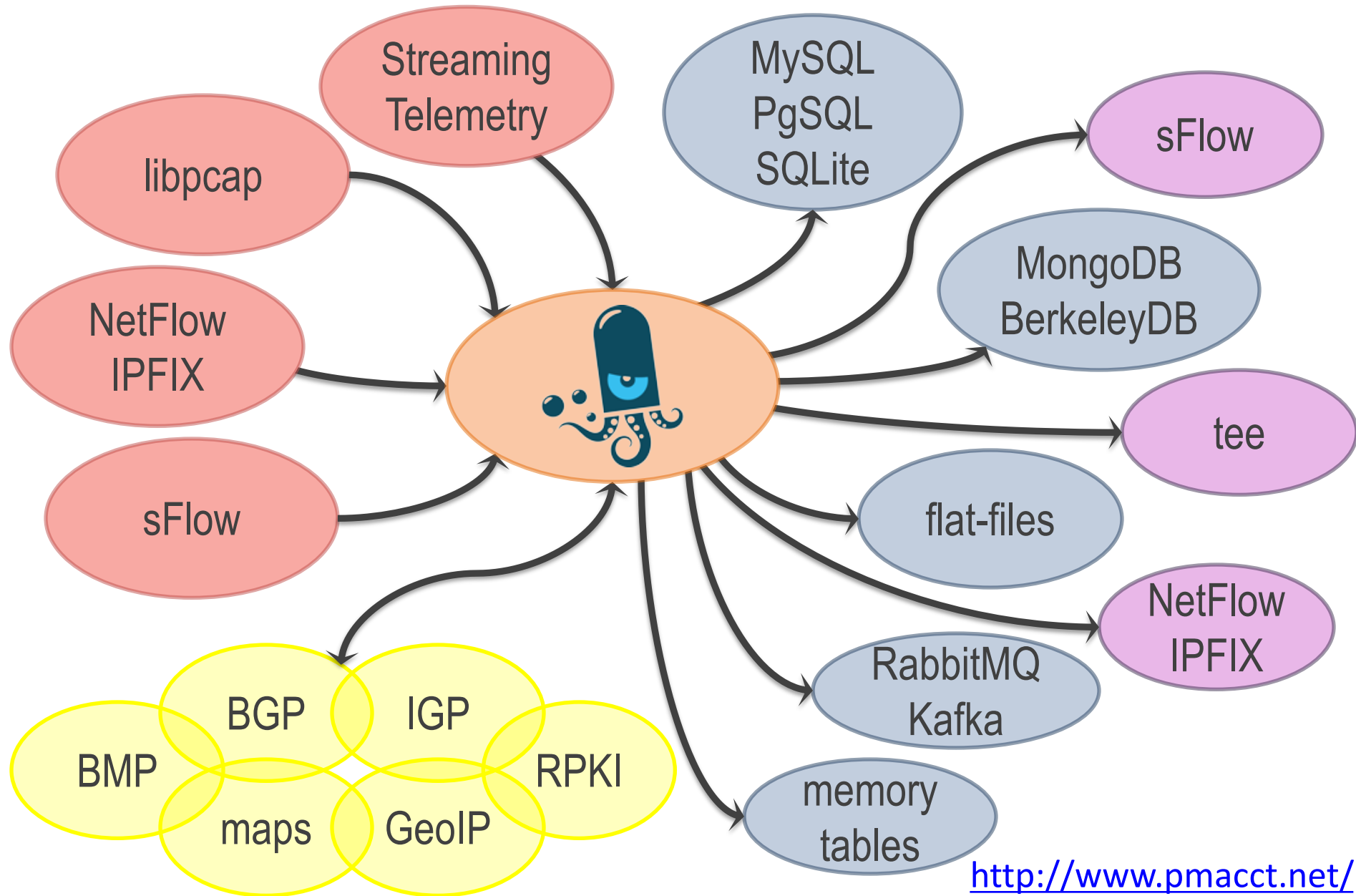
GitHub: [paololucente](#)

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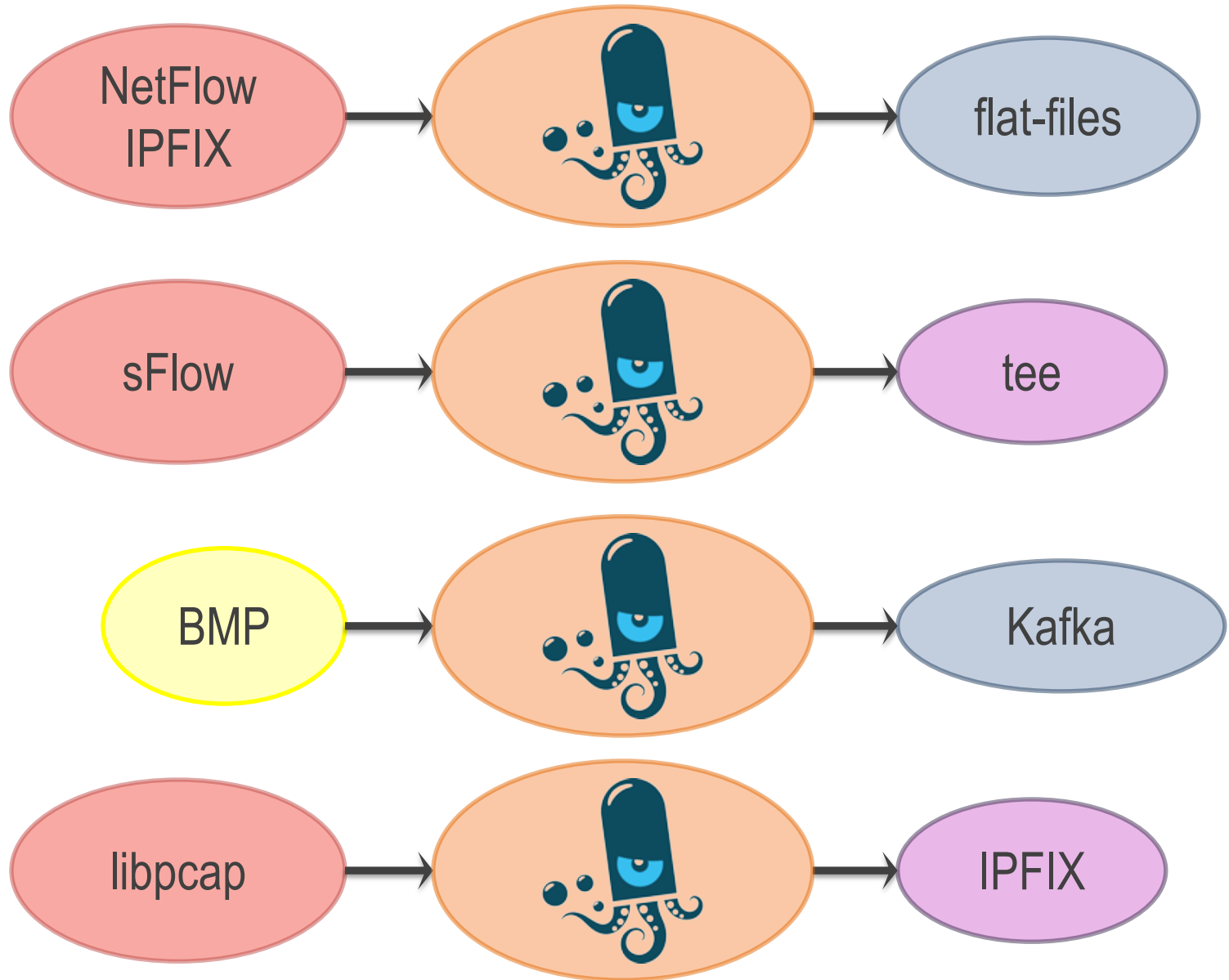


Digging data out of networks worldwide for fun
and profit for more than 10 years

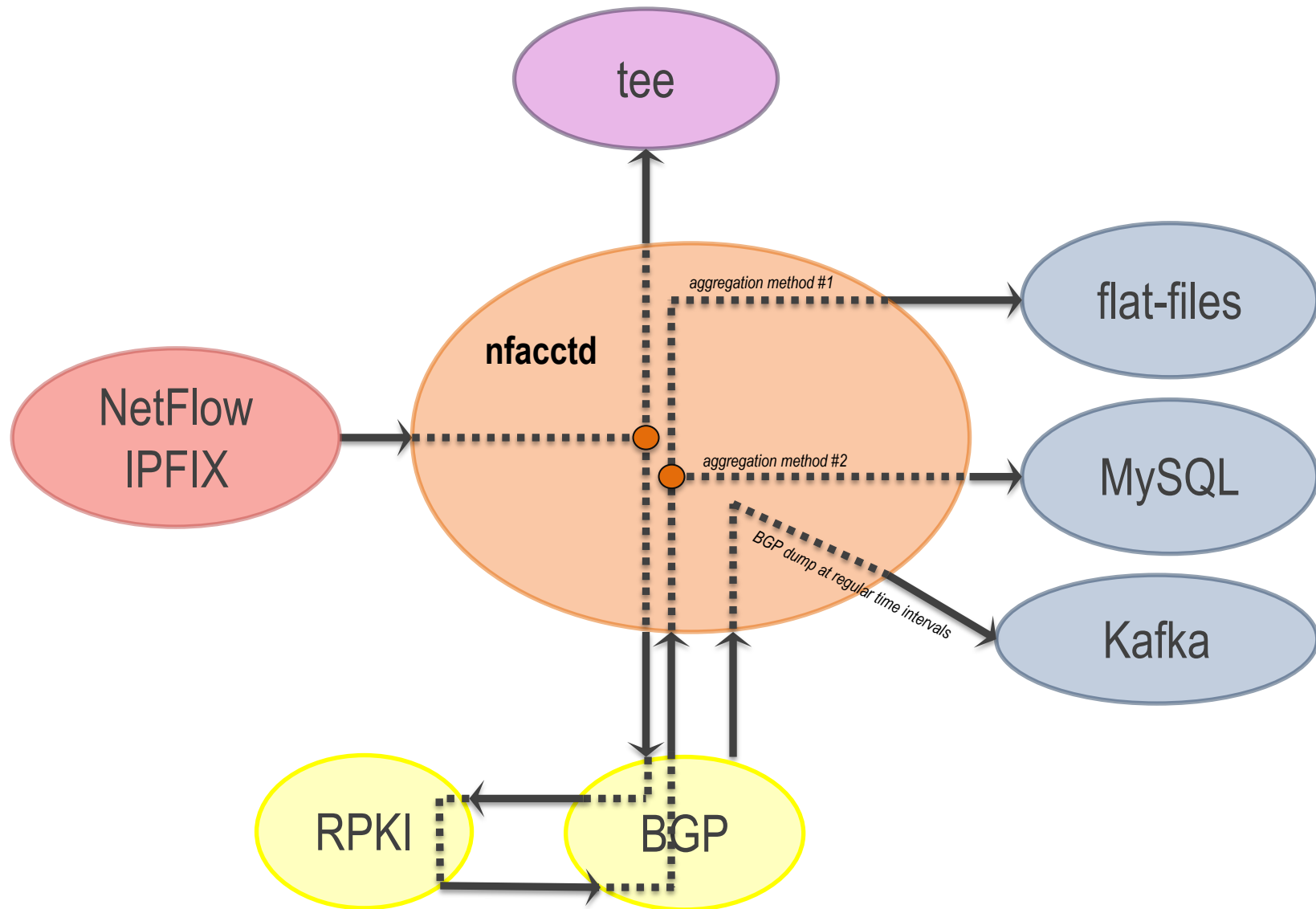
pmacct is open-source, free, GPL'ed software



pmacct: a few simple use-cases



pmacct: a slightly more complex use-case



The use-case for message brokers



kafka



RabbitMQ



elasticsearch



cassandra



druid



Prometheus

An open-source service monitoring system and time series database.



InfluxDB



OPENTSDDB



Grafana

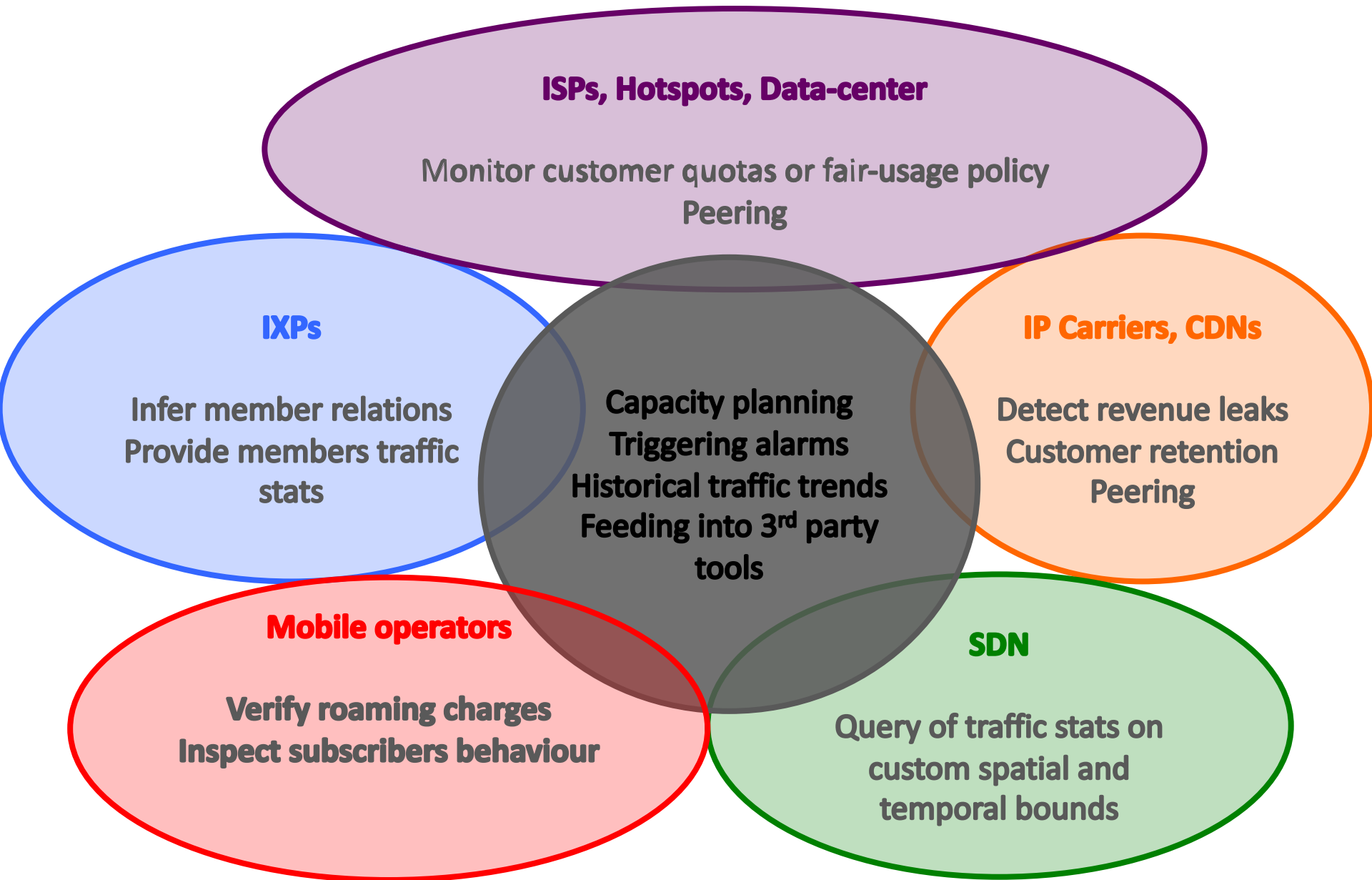


kibana



Superset

Use cases by industry



Key pmacct non-technical facts

- 10+ years old project
- Can't spell the name after the second drink
- Free, open-source, independent
- Under active development
- Innovation being introduced
- Well deployed around, also large SPs
- Aims to be the traffic accounting tool closer to the SP community needs

Some technical facts (1/2)

- Pluggable architecture:
 - Can easily add support for new data sources and backends
- Correlation of data sources:
 - Natively supported data sources (ie. BGP, BMP, IGP, Streaming Telemetry)
 - External data sources via tags and labels
- Pervasive data-reduction techniques, ie.:
 - Data aggregation
 - Filtering
 - Sampling

Some technical facts (2/2)

- Build multiple views out of the very same collected network traffic dataset , ie.:
 - Unaggregated to flat-files for security and forensics; or to message brokers (RabbitMQ, Kafka) for Big Data
 - Aggregated as [<ingress router>, <ingress interface>, <BGP next-hop>, <peer destination ASN>] and sent to a SQL DB to build an internal traffic matrix for capacity planning purposes
- Enable analytics against the collected data sources (ie. BGP, BMP, Streaming Telemetry):
 - Stream real-time
 - Dump at regular time intervals (possible state compression)

Further information about pmacct

- <https://github.com/pmacct/pmacct>
 - Official GitHub repository, where star and watch us 😊
- http://www.pmacct.net/lucente_pmacct_uknof14.pdf
 - More about coupling telemetry and BGP
- <http://ripe61.ripe.net/presentations/156-ripe61-bcp-planning-and-te.pdf>
 - More about traffic matrices, capacity planning & TE
- <https://github.com/pmacct/pmacct/wiki/>
 - Wiki: docs, implementation notes, ecosystem, etc.



Introduction to pmacct

Thanks! Questions?

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<http://www.pmacct.net/> | <https://github.com/pmacct/pmacct>



Latests on BGP monitoring

Paolo Lucente

NTT Communications | pmacct

BGP

- Protocol to advertise Reachability Information:
 - The Network Layer part of the story, while still dominant, is “old”: BGP is used as transport for a variety of different info
- Good at policy control:
 - Although quality factors, ie. latency, jitter and packet loss, increasingly popular for content delivery in place of the traditional BGP selection algorithm
- Good at information hiding:
 - But, then again, this is the recipe for scaling to the current Internet size and beyond

Early attempts at gaining visibility

On BGP ADD-PATHS

- BGP ADD-PATHS covers several use cases:
 - Mostly revolving around actual routing
 - Extra path flooding questioned in such context (*)
- Our use-case for BGP ADD-PATHS is around monitoring applications:
 - Not much talk yet in such context
 - Proposal to mark best-paths to benefit monitoring applications: draft-bgp-path-marking (Cardona et al.)

(*) http://www.nanog.org/meetings/nanog48/presentations/Tuesday/Raszuk_To_AddPaths_N48.pdf

pmacct and BGP ADD-PATHS

- In early Jan 2014 pmacct BGP integration got support for BGP ADD-PATHS
 - GA as part of 1.5.0rc3 version (Apr 2014)
- Why BGP ADD-PATHS?
 - Selected over BMP since it allows to not enter the exercise of parsing BGP policies
 - True, post-policies BMP exists but it's much less implemented around and hence not felt the way to go

24

- Circa 2013
- Goal: see all paths in a BGP multi-path scenario, avoiding screen scraping

Credits to: E. Jasinska (Netflix), P. Lucente (pmacct) @ NANOG61

BMP

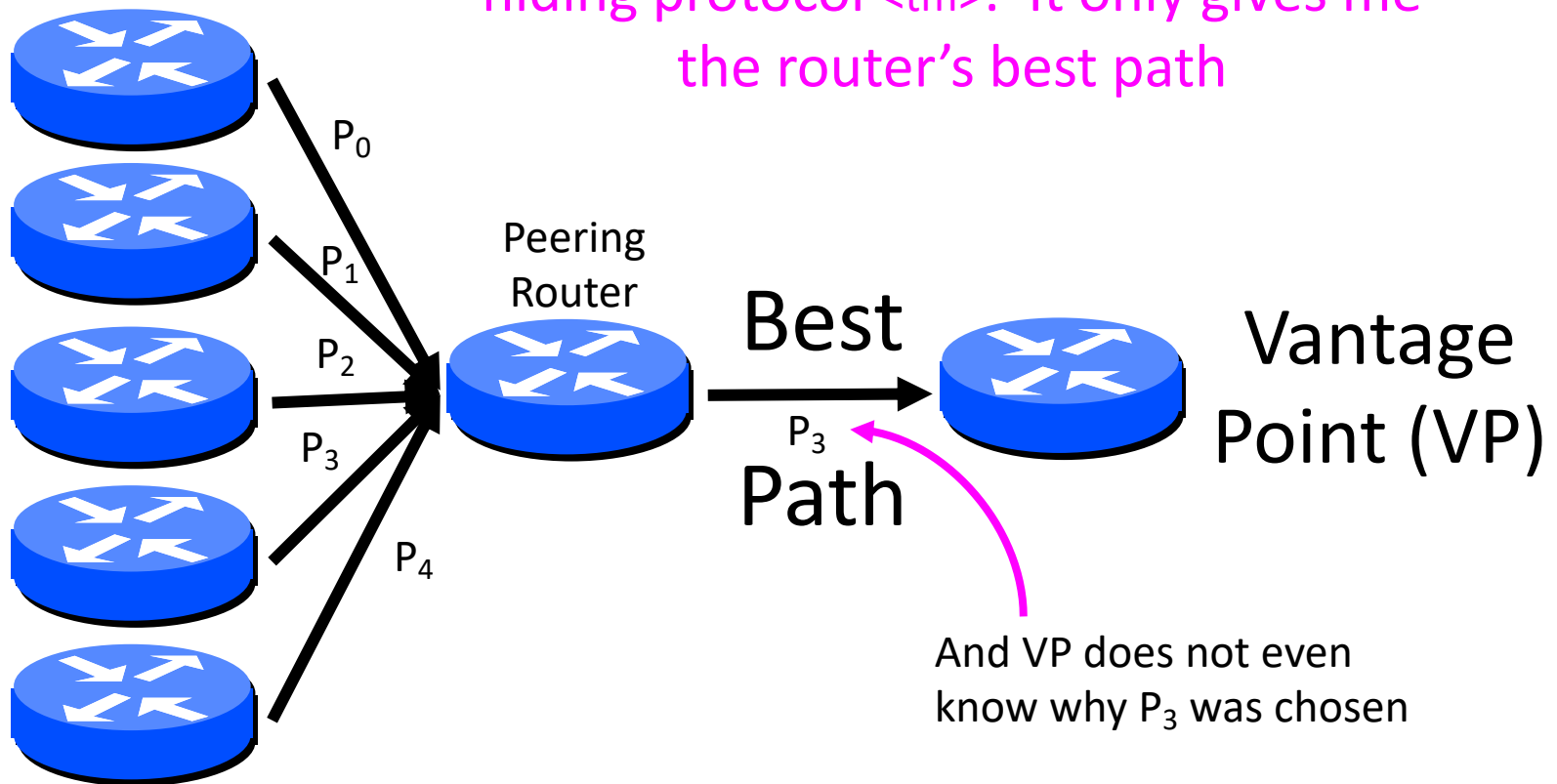
- BGP Monitoring Protocol
- RFC 7854:
 - first draft in 2008, sparse work until 2012;
 - stall between 2012 and 2015;
 - real traction kicks in: 10 drafts between 2015 and 2016;
 - RFC award in Jun 2016
- Uncomplicated protocol design 
- Great effort but ..
 - .. industry evolved all these years
 - increased hunger for data



A DevOps guy during lunch break

Traditional BGP monitoring

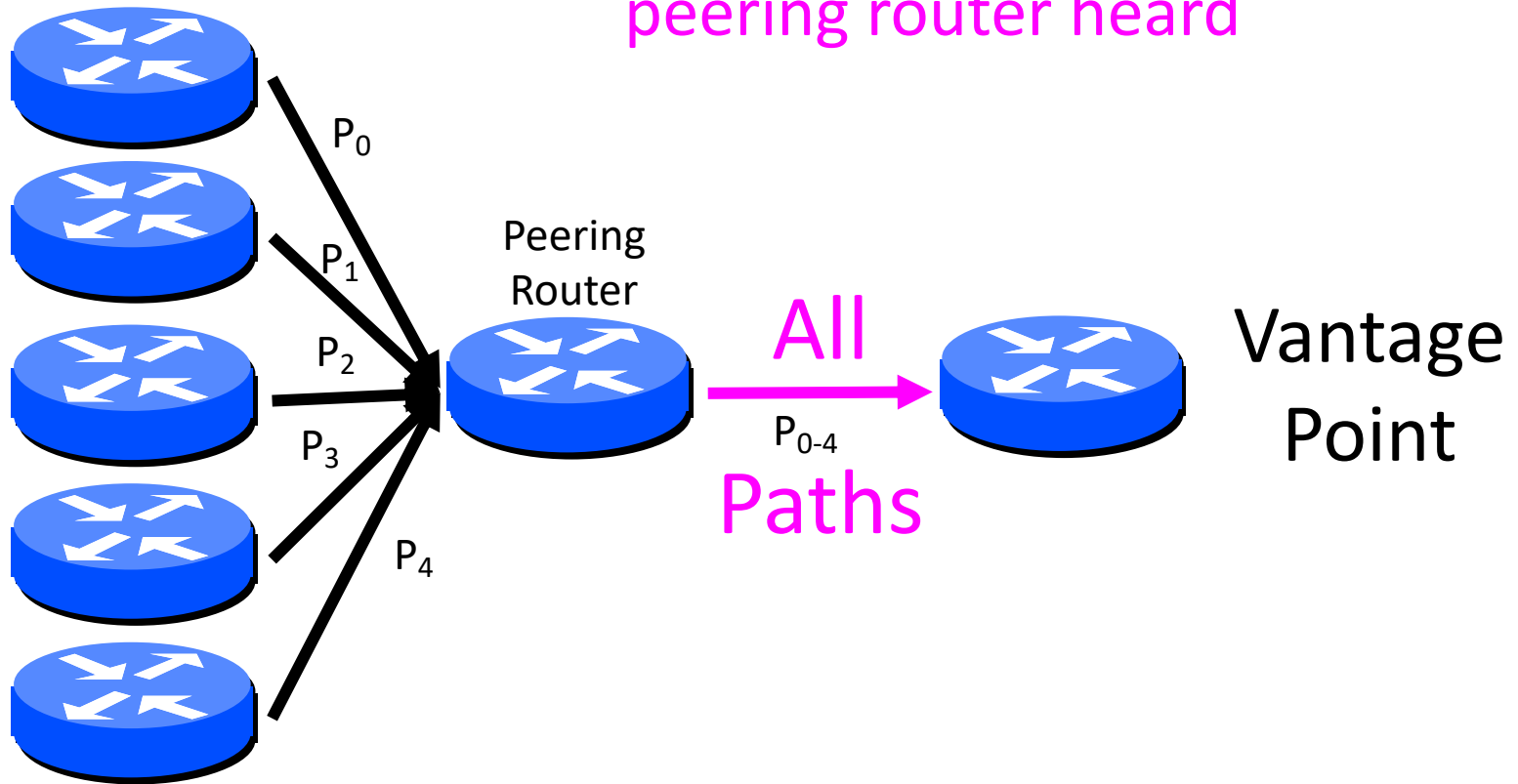
Peers



Credits to: R. Bush (IIJ) @ BMP BoF, RIPE74

BGP monitoring with BMP (1/2)

Peers



Credits to: R. Bush (IIJ) @ BMP BoF, RIPE74

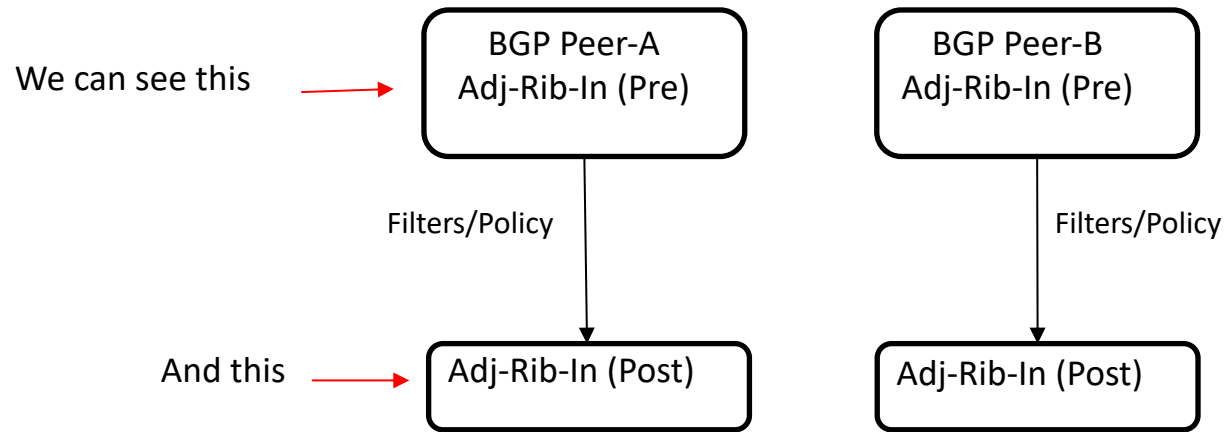
BGP monitoring with BMP (2/2)

- o Message Type (1 byte): This identifies the type of the BMP message. A BMP implementation MUST ignore unrecognized message types upon receipt.
 - * Type = 0: Route Monitoring
 - * Type = 1: Statistics Report
 - * Type = 2: Peer Down Notification
 - * Type = 3: Peer Up Notification
 - * Type = 4: Initiation Message
 - * Type = 5: Termination Message
 - * Type = 6: Route Mirroring Message

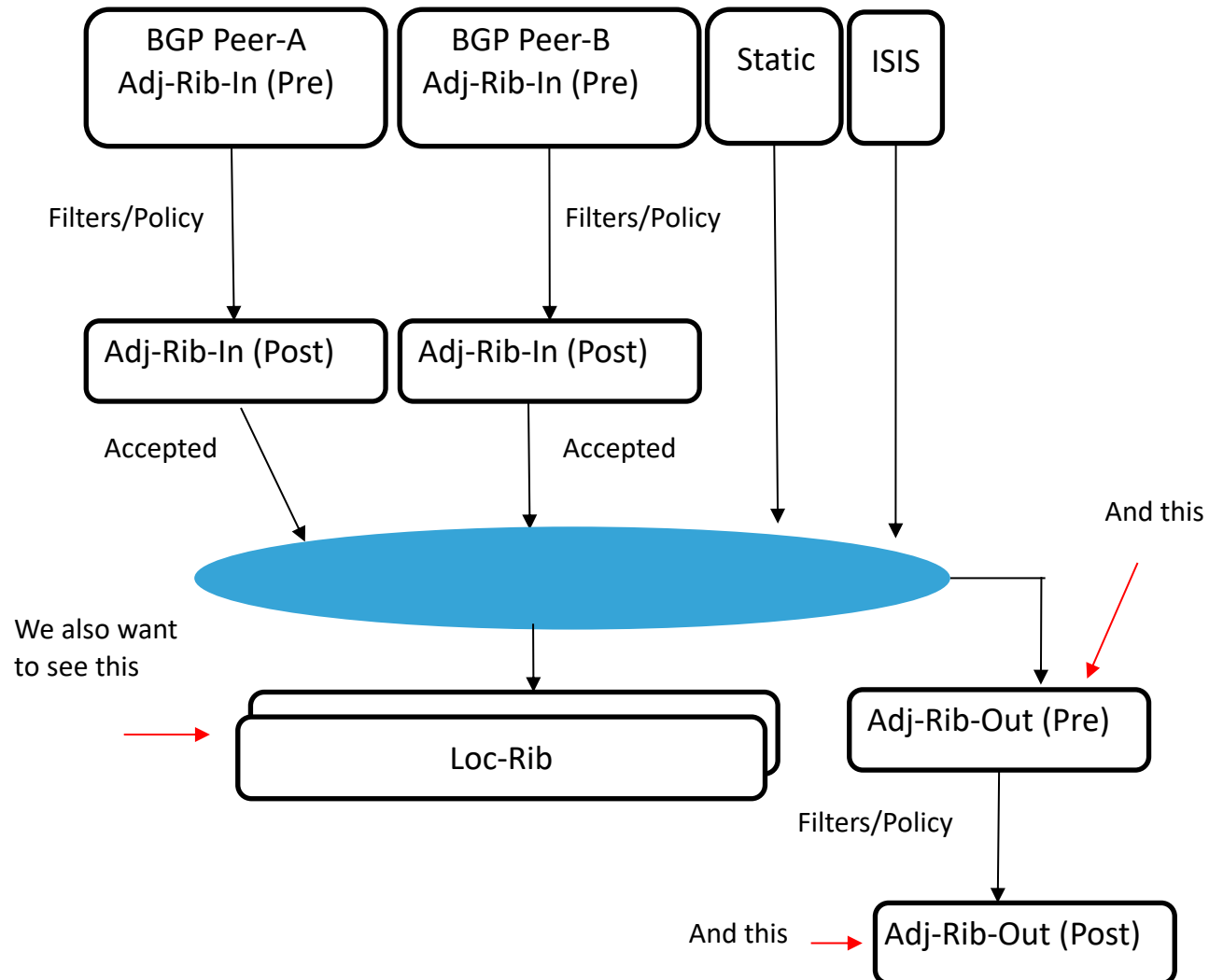
BMP: problem statement

- The BGP protocol is one of the very few protocols running on the Internet that has a standardized, clean and separate monitoring plane, BMP (think, for example, to DNS ..)
- Still BMP, in its current shape, does cover only pre- and post- policies Adj-RIB-In; an operator would probably need:
 - Actual BGP peering(s) for loc-RIB
 - Worse-case, screen scraping for Adj-RIB-Out

Problem statement visualized



Proposal: extend BMP to loc-RIB and Adj-RIB-Out (1/3)



Credits to: T. Evens (Cisco), S. Bayraktar (Cisco), P. Lucente (NTT) @ GROW WG, IETF 98

Proposal: extend BMP to loc-RIB and Adj-RIB-Out (2/3)

Global Routing Operations
Internet-Draft
Updates: 7854 (if approved)
Intended Status: Standards Track
Expires: October 1, 2017

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March 30, 2017

Support for Adj-RIB-Out in BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP)
draft-evens-grow-bmp-adj-rib-out-01

Abstract

The BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) defines access to only the Adj-RIB-In Routing Information Bases (RIBs). This document updates the BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) RFC 7854 by adding access to the Adj-RIB-Out RIBs. It adds a new flag to the peer header to distinguish Adj-RIB-In and Adj-RIB-Out.

Proposal: extend BMP to loc-RIB and Adj-RIB-Out (3/3)

Global Routing Operations
Internet-Draft
Intended Status: Standards Track
Expires: September 11, 2017
March 10, 2017

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Support for Local RIB in BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP)
draft-evens-grow-bmp-local-rib-00

Abstract

The BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) defines access to the Adj-RIB-In and locally originated routes (e.g. routes distributed into BGP from protocols such as static) but not access to the BGP instance Loc-RIB. This document updates the BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) RFC 7854 by adding access to the BGP instance Local-RIB, as defined in RFC 4271 the routes that have been selected by the local BGP speaker's Decision Process. These are the routes over all peers, locally originated, and after best-path selection.

draft-evens-grow-bmp-{local-rib,adj-rib-out} use-cases

- Loc-RIB:
 - Monitor routes selected and user by the router:
 - ECMP
 - Correlation with NetFlow/IPFIX
 - Next-hop preservation
 - Monitor locally originated and BGP routes without requiring peering
 - Policy verification
- Adj-RIB-Out:
 - Monitor routes advertised to peers
 - Policy verification



Latests on BGP monitoring

Thanks! Questions?

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